You may need to configure environment variables on the Windows to enable the command to be used from the Command window. The command is usually located in a bin directory. Suppose you want to use the javac command for compiling Java program. Assume that the javac command is located in c:\Program Files\Java\jdk1.8.0\bin directory. The following steps add this path into the environment variable path on Windows. Here is a list of other commands and their possible paths:

- cc (compile C programs, cc.exe may be in the path c:\mingw\bin)
- g++ (compile C++ programs, g++.exe may be in the path c:\mingw\bin)
- python (run Python programs, python.exe may be in the path c:\python32)
- R (run R commands, R.exe may be in the path c:\Program Files\R\R-2.15.2\bin)

1 Configuring on Windows

1. Right-click the My Computer icon on your desktop to display a context menu. Choose Properties from the context menu to open the System Properties window, as shown in Figure 4. (This screen shot is taken from Windows XP. For Windows 2000, NT, and ME users, the System properties window may look slightly different.)

2. In the System properties window, click Environment Variables in the Advanced tab to display the Environment Variables window, as shown in Figure 5.
The System Properties window contains system information.
The Environment Variables window enables you to set user and system variables.

3. You can set or modify user variables or system variables. User variables affect the individual users and system variables affect all the users in the system. In the User variables section, select PATH and click Edit if PATH is already a user variable. Otherwise, click New to display the New User Variable window as shown in Figure 8.

Figure 5

![Environment Variables window](image)

Figure 8

![Edit System Variable](image)
The New User Variable enables you to set a new user variable and its value.

4. Type PATH in the Variable field and \c:\Program Files\Java\jdk1.8.0\bin;%path% in the Variable Value field, as shown in Figure 4. Click OK.

NOTE: You don’t have to reboot the computer, but you have to open a new command window to use the commands in the path.

4 Verifying Configurations

To verify whether the command is configured correctly, type the command (e.g., javac -version) from the command prompt, as shown in Figure 8.

Figure 8

The command is not found if the path is not properly configured.